Soil Carbon Sequestration Flagship

ON AGRICULTURAL GREENHOUSE GASES

GLOBAL RESEARCH

Online collaborative knowledge hub		
Developing solutions	Monitoring solutions	Adopting solutions
 Decision support toolbox Maps of SCS potential (e.g. to reach the 4 per 1000 aspirational target) Maps of crop and pasture practices suited to reach SCS targets Implications of SCS practices for yields, drought tolerance and climate change adaptation N₂O and CH₄ emissions, energy use Costs and benefits of transitioning to SCS practices 	 Methods to certify SCS Tiered methodologies for monitoring, reporting and verifying (MRV) soil organic carbon (SOC) stocks in crop and pasture systems Handbooks and guidelines for project scale MRV adapted to regional contexts and agricultural systems Technologies for rapid SOC stock verification Modelling of SOC stock change in crop and pasture systems 	 Enabling environment Regional stakeholder workshops on SCS Criteria for sustainable SCS projects supporting livelihoods Assessment of barriers to the adoption of SCS practices Value chains, business models and policy options Research funding strategy and international research cooperation
Capacity	building, knowledge transfer ar	nd training

Soil Carbon Sequestration flagship Contributions received



GLOBAL

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Developing solutions Decision support toolbox

- Argentina: Sugarcane and Pasture beef systems
- Brazil: C sequestration strategies in agriculture across biomes: low Carbon Emission Agriculture Plan of Brazil
- France: national assessment of solutions and implications of SCS in agriculture
- Lithuania: stabilization and enhancement of SOC to soil in grasslands or arable land
- **New-Zealand and Ireland**: full inversion tillage in grasslands
- USA: funding international collaborations on soil health, reactive N and microbial communities

Monitoring solutions Methods to certify SCS

- Argentina: SCS tool and databases
- Australia: monitor changes in soil carbon stocks (similar to Australian Emissions Reduction Fund)
- **Brazil**: MRV for SCS in grain production systems
- France: Digital soil map development
- Ireland: national soil survey and soil carbon assessment in grasslands
- **Spain**: carbon stability and modeling studies, especially with degraded marginal land
- USA. International soil carbon network and database hosted by Fluxnet
- EU: ERAGAS (PEATWISE, SCS drained peatlands; GHG-MANAGE, SCS in landscapes)

Adopting solutions Enabling environment

- **France**: identifying barriers to adoption in the national assessment of SCS
- **Spain**: studies on barriers to adoption

Soil Carbon Sequestration flagship 2017-2019

GLOBAL RESEARCH ALLIANCE

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Developing solutions Decision support toolbox

Argentina, Australia, Brazil,
 France, Ireland, Lithuania,
 New-Zealand, USA (+ other countries?)

REGIONAL PROJECTS (e.g. 2 post-docs or researchers by region, supported by SCS teams)

- Regional maps of crop and pasture practices suited to reach SCS targets
- Regional implications of SCS practices for
 - yields,
 - drought tolerance and climate change adaptation

- N₂O and CH₄ emissions, energy use Monitoring solutions Methods to certify SCS

 Argentina, Australia, Brazil, France, Ireland, Spain, USA, EU-ERAGAS (+ other countries?)

REGIONAL PROJECTS (e.g. 2 post-docs/researchers + multi-author SCS team)

- Handbooks and guidelines for project scale MRV adapted to regional contexts and agricultural systems
- Modelling & remote sensing methods for SOC stock change in crop and pasture systems

Adopting solutions Enabling environment

France, Spain (+ other countries?)

PROJECT 3 (resources from CIRCASA)

- Regional stakeholder workshops on SCS
- Criteria for sustainable SCS projects supporting livelihoods

CIRCASA: a funded Coordination and Support Action









CIRCASA

Coordination of International Research Cooperation on soil CArbon Sequestration in Agriculture





European Commission



The overarching goal of CIRCASA is to develop **international synergies concerning research and knowledge transfer** on agricultural soil C sequestration at European Union (EU) and global levels.

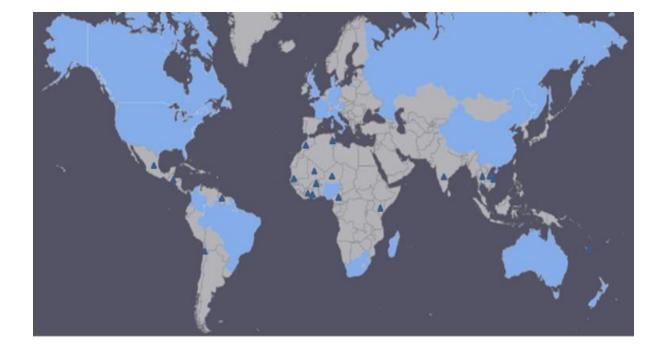
- Strengthen the international research community on soil carbon sequestration in relation to climate change and food security;
- Improve our understanding of agricultural soil carbon sequestration and its potential for climate change mitigation and adaptation and for increasing food production;
- Co-design a strategic research agenda with stakeholders on soil carbon sequestration in agriculture;
- Create an International Research Consortium



Countries of the 24 CIRCASA partners

GLOBAL RESEARCH ALLIANCE

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CIRCASA partnership



CIRCASA benefits from the participation of:

- The **Global Research Alliance** on agricultural greenhouse gases (GRA, 47 member countries),
- The 4 per 1000 Soils for Food Security and Climate initiative (33 member countries),
- The Joint Programming Initiative on Sustainable Agriculture, Food Security and Climate Change (FACCE-JPI, 22 member countries),
- In addition, CIRCASA will also benefit from the contribution of the Climate Change Agriculture and Food Security program (CCAFS) and the Water, Land and Ecosystems (WLE) programs of the **CGIAR**,
- And collaborate with the Intergovernmental Technical Panel on Soils (ITPS) of the Global Soil Partnership (GSP)

Online collaborative research platform

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Knowledge system

- Geo-referenced metadata
- Soil carbon, land use, maps
- Geo-referenced ag. practices, for soil carbon, co-benefits, trade-offs, etc..
- Handbooks, guidelines

Matchmaking

- My user profile
- Identify researchers and stakeholders
- Map collaborative networks
- Search by theme
- Search by geographical area
- Search by sequestration/ag. practice



Communication & Outreach

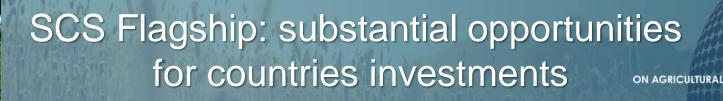
- Tools: newsletters, videos, etc
- Discussion forum
- Peer to peer
- Events calendar
- Links
- Webinars

Better structuration of international cooperation

- Strategic Research Agenda
- Research programs
- Funding and alignment opportunities
- Research policy views







What you can expect?

- **Research organizations**: be part of a large collaborative research effort (facilitated by the online collaborative platform); contribute to the International Research Consortium (IRC)
- **Research agencies:** structure national research on SCS, contribute to the IRC and to research programing (international research calls)
- **Ministries**: define national needs and support national expert teams on SCS

Which support can you bring?

- Research organizations: in-kind contribution of researchers,
- **Research agencies:** funding of research calls and regional workshops
- **Ministries**: contribute to science-policy interface on SCS and national action plans, host conferences with stakeholders